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# **Demographic Update**

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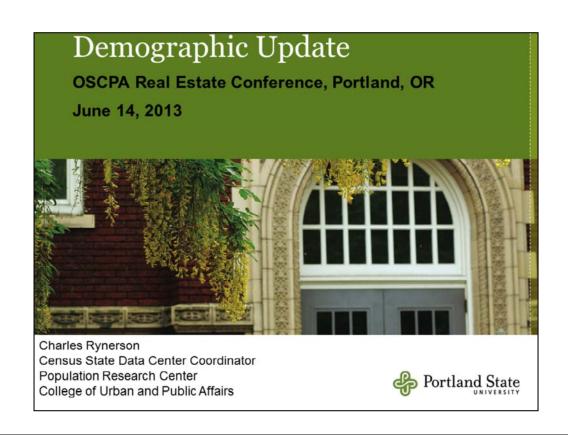
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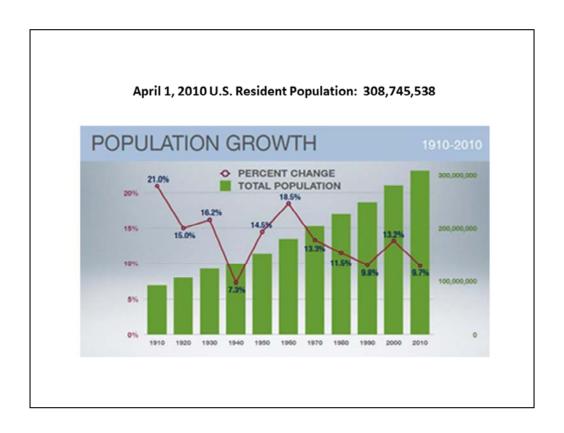
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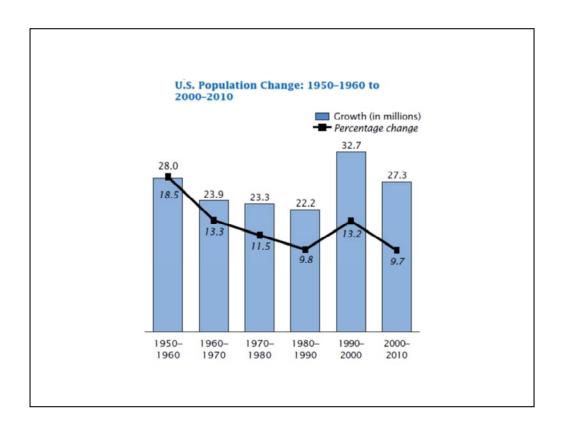
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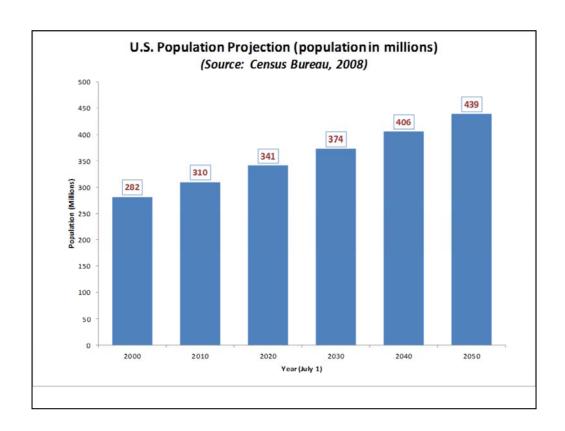




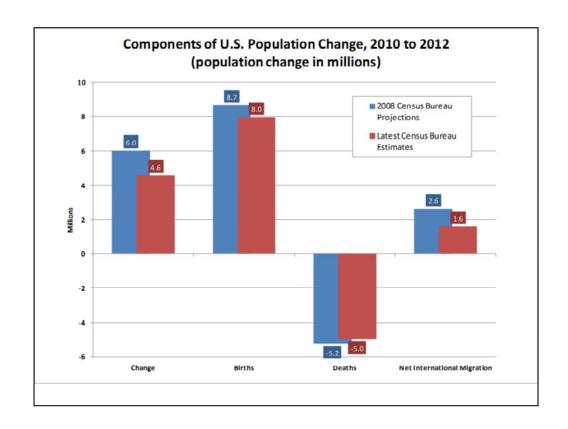
The 2010 Census counted over 308 million residents of the U.S.. The 9.7 percent growth in the 2000-2010 decade was the second lowest growth rate in the nation's history. Only the 1930s saw slower growth.



However, percentage growth rates may be misleading, due to a growing base. The numeric population growth of 27.3 million was the third highest in any decade, after the 1950s and 1990s.



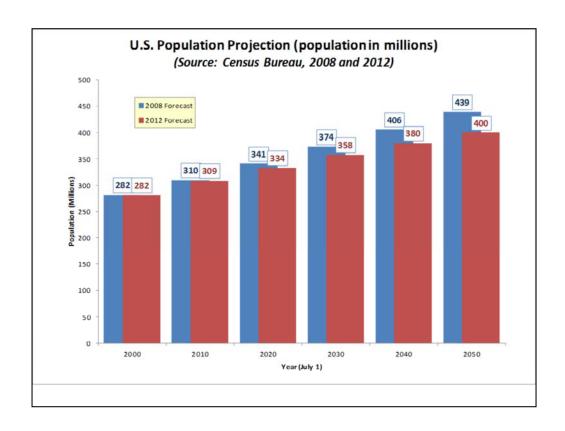
The Census Bureau published a projection of U.S. population in 2008. It indicated that the population would reach 374 million by 2030 and 439 million by 2050.



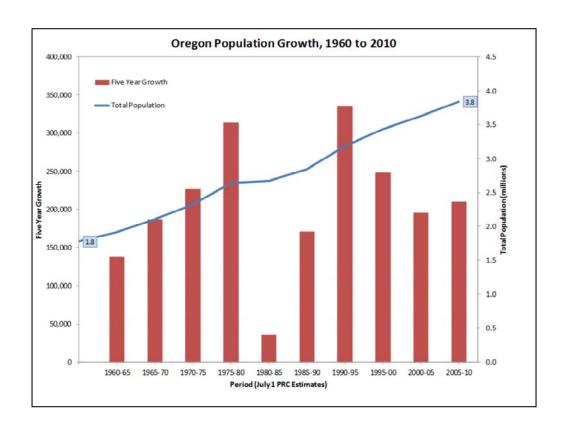
Comparing the Census Bureau's estimated population change between 2010 and 2012 with their 2008 forecast for the same period, there were about 700,000 (8%) fewer births than expected, 200,000 (5%) fewer deaths, and about 1,000,000 (39%) fewer immigrants.

Net migration for most areas is notoriously difficult to predict. At the national level, it depends on world events, immigration policies, and the economy. It is not surprising that net migration has fallen, though the extent drop may be greater than most demographers could have predicted.

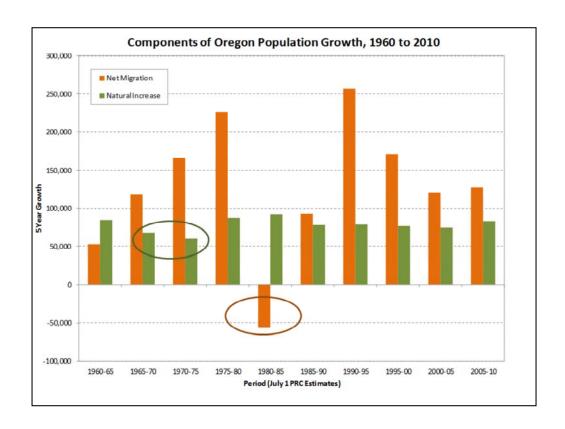
Another surprise is the sharp drop in fertility, which has resulted in a decline in births of more than 7% in both the U.S. and in Oregon between 2007 and 2010.



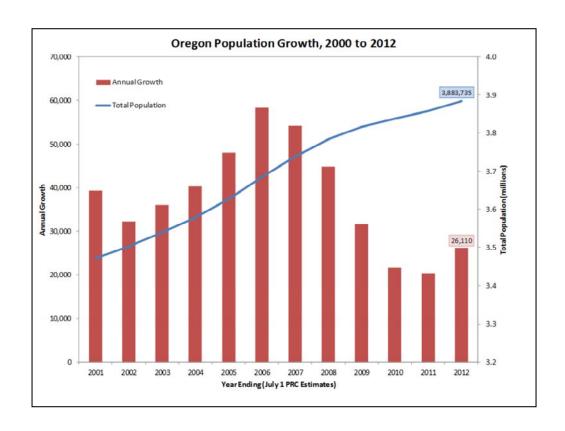
In 2012, the Census Bureau published a new projection for U.S. population, with a 2050 projection nearly 40 million lower than the 2008 projection.



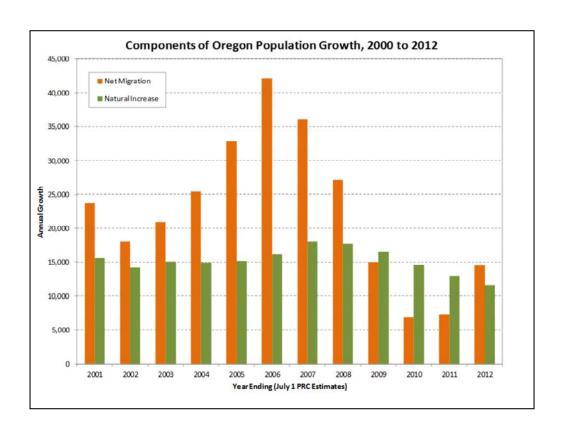
In the 50 year period between 1960 and 2010, Oregon's population more than doubled, from less than 1.8 million in 1960 to over 3.8 million in 2010. The greatest growth occurred in the 1970s and 1990s, while the least growth occurred in the 1980s.



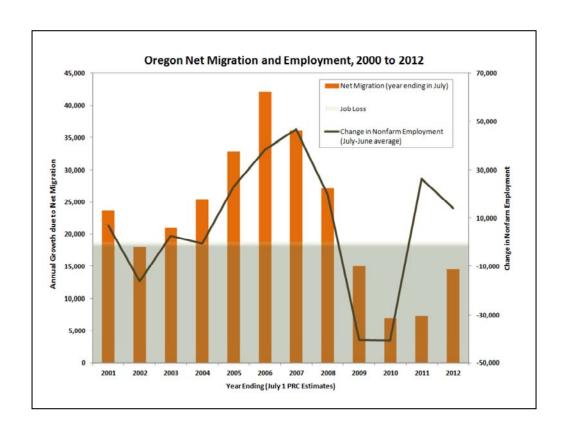
Natural increase (births minus deaths) was lowest during the "baby bust" of the late 1960s and early 1970s, and the early 1980s recession prompted more people to move out of Oregon than into it.



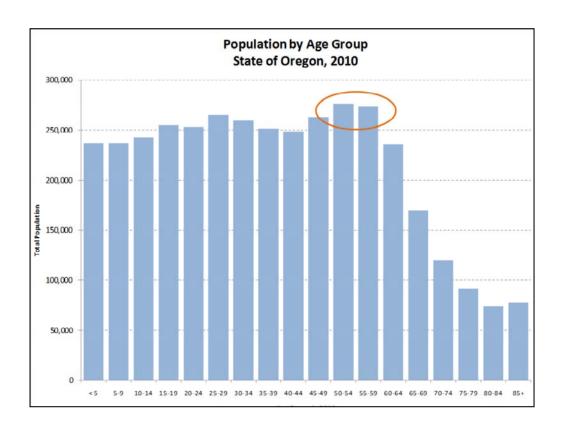
Between 2000 and 2012 Oregon grew each year, gaining about 450,000 residents. But year-to-year growth during the 12 year period ranged from a low of about 20,000 to a high of nearly 60,000.



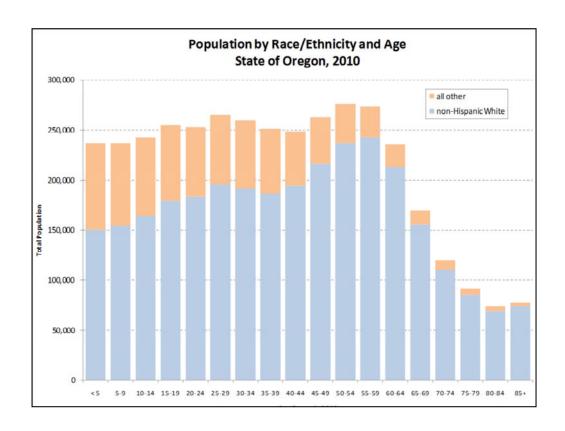
In the most recent two years, growth due to natural increase (births minus deaths) has been the lowest since the early 1970s "baby bust" and we have experienced four years of the lowest net migration levels since the economic downturn of early to mid-1980s that had a disproportionate effect on Oregon's economy. During the 1980s most of the country was doing better than Oregon economically, so there were some years with net out-migration. In the most recent recession, there were few greener pastures, and homeowners were less mobile due to the housing crisis.



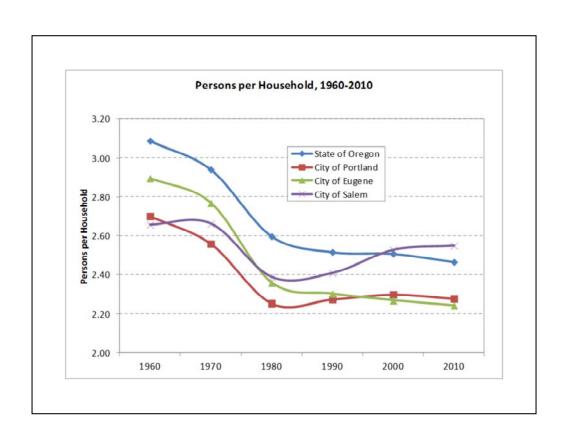
Although Oregon did not experience negative net migration during the recent recession, this chart shows the close relationship between employment change and net migration levels.

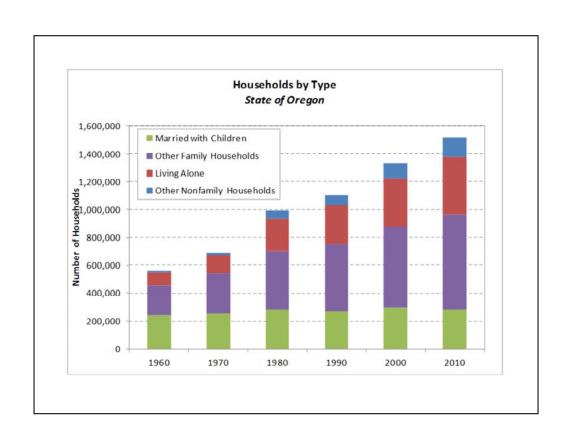


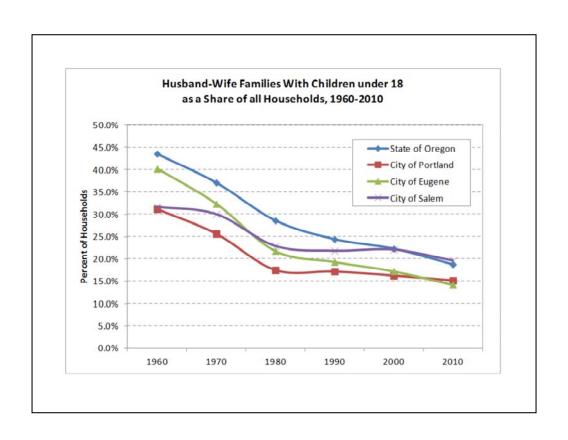
In 2010, the most populous groups by age were 50 to 59. This cohort, baby boomers born in the 1950s, was also the largest in 2000 when they were in their 40s, and in 1990 when they were in their 30s.

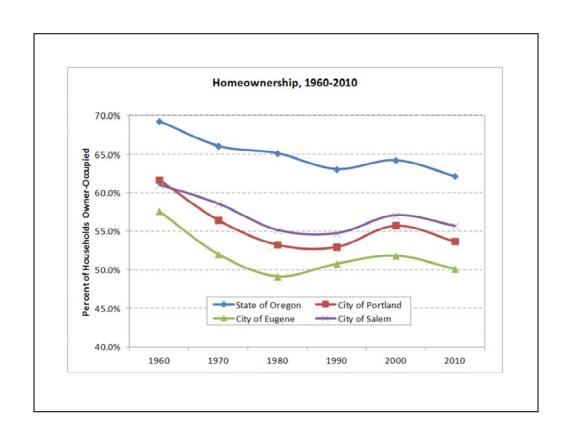


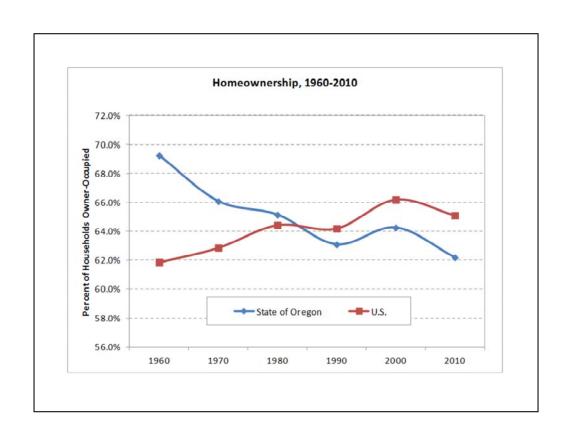
This chart shows the same total population by age group as the previous chart, but the light blue portion of each column shows the population identified as white alone and not Latino. For that group, the bulge in age 50 to 59 population is even more pronounced. The age profile of white non-Latinos is particularly influenced by the baby boom, while other groups have a younger age distribution.

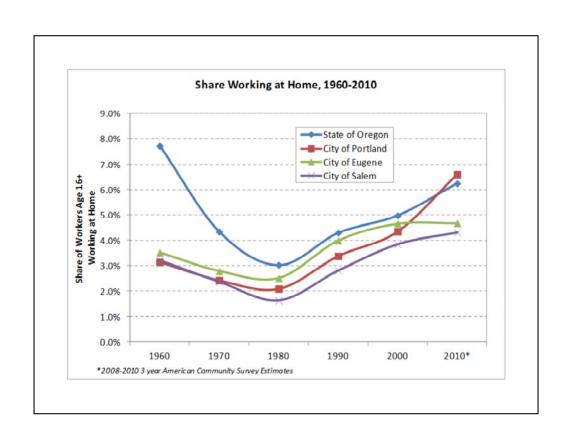


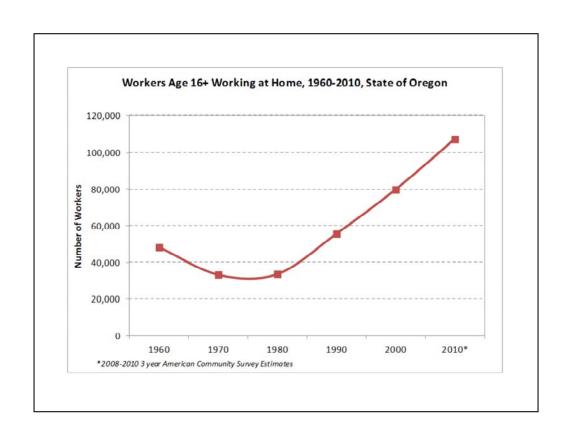








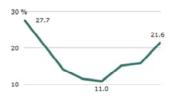




# Multigenerational Households

Rising Share of Young Adults Living in Multi-Generational Households

% of adults ages 25-34 living in a multi-generational household

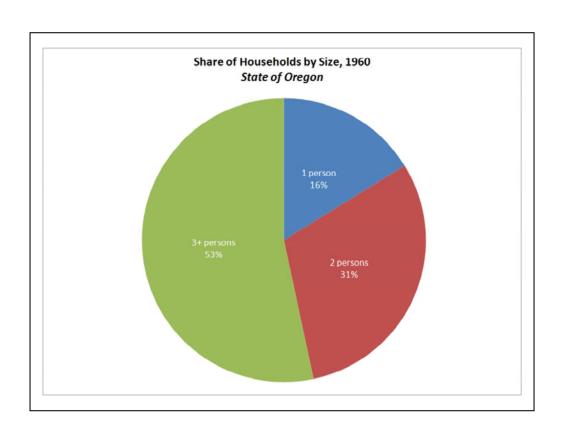


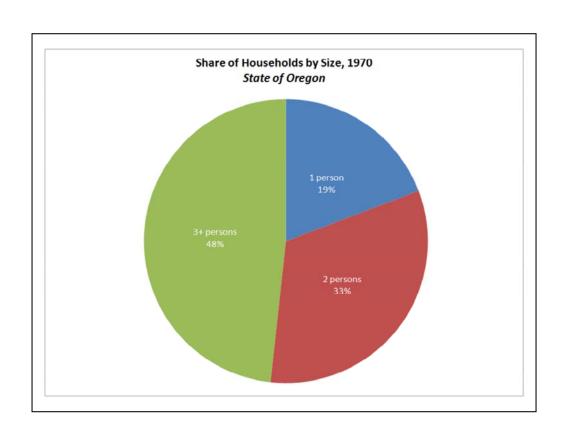
1940 1950 1960 1970 1980 1990 2000 2010

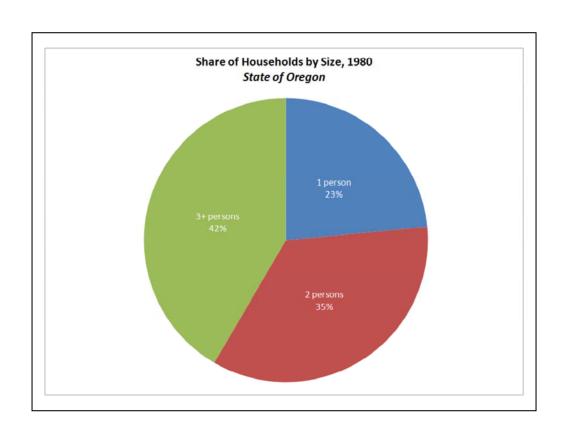
Source: Pew Research Center analysis of U.S. Decennial Census data, 1940-2000 and 2010 American Community Survey (IPUMS)

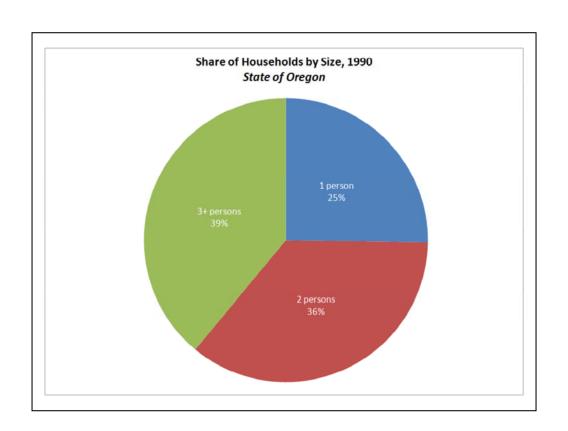
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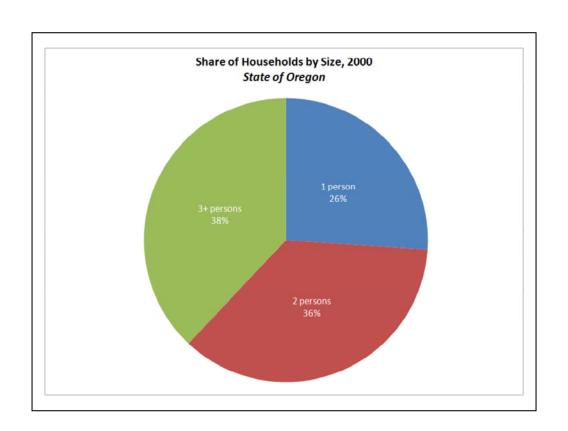
http://www.pewsocialtrends.org/2012/03/15/the-boomerang-generation/

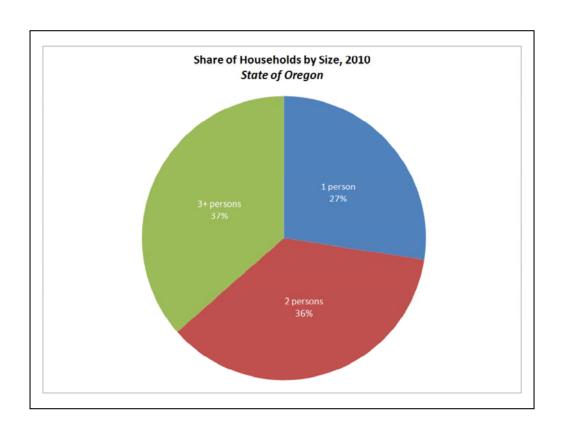


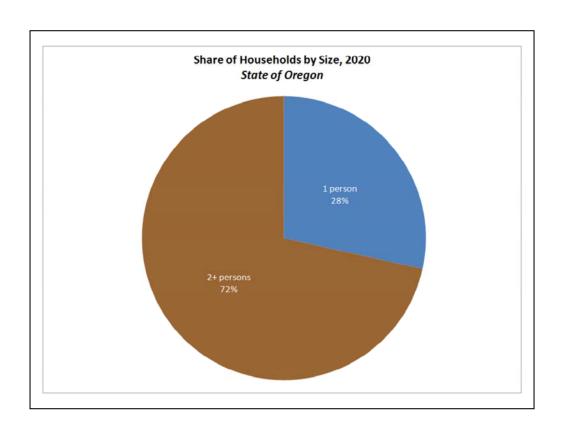


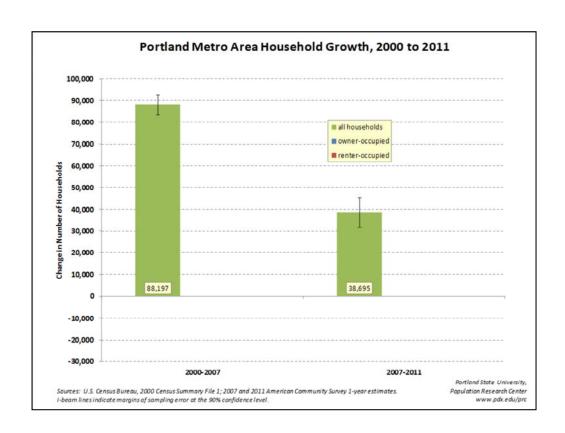


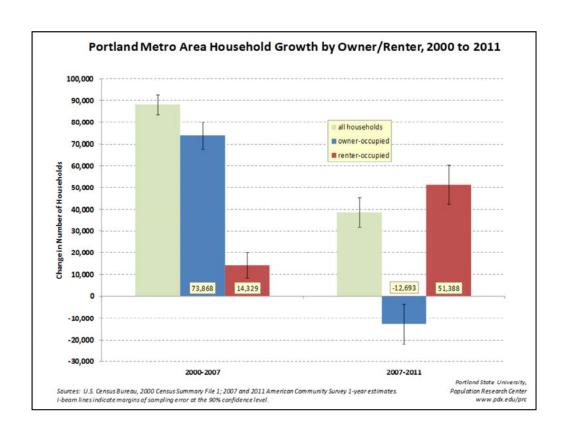




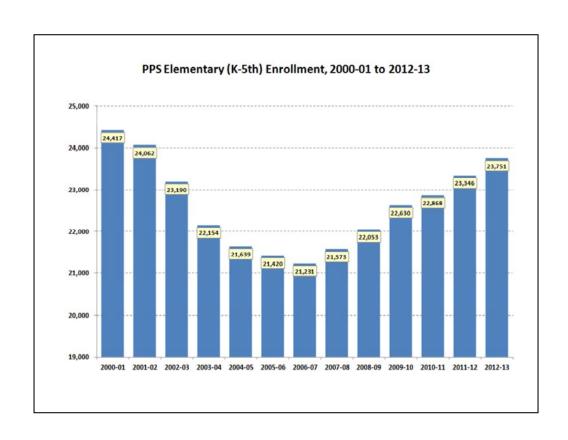


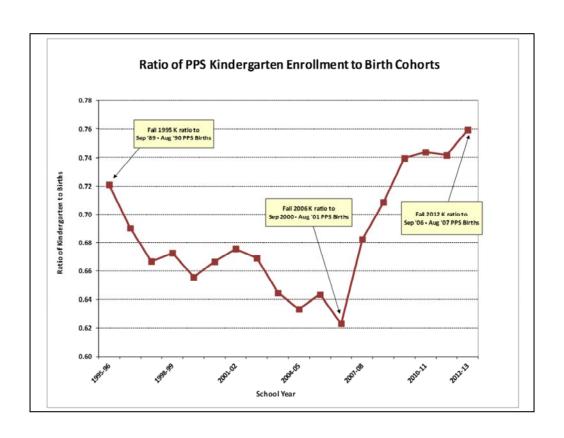


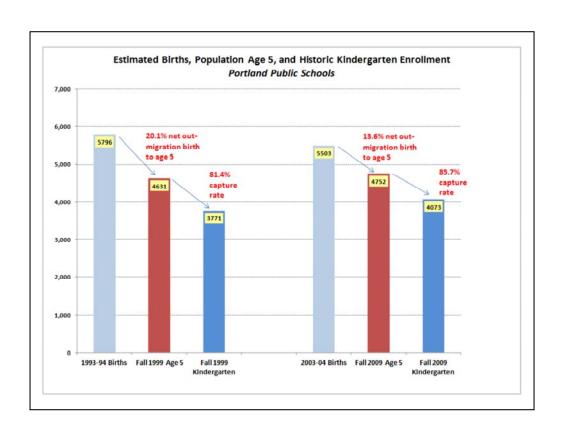


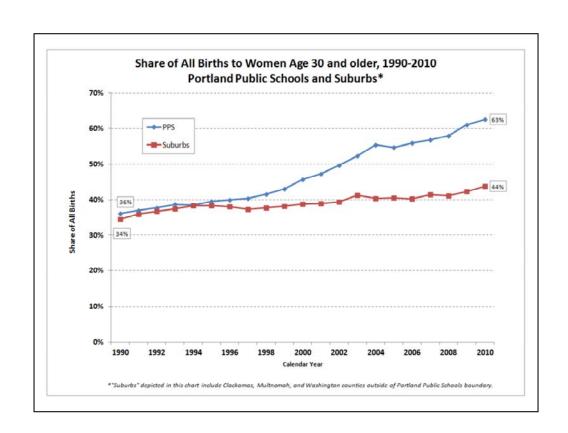


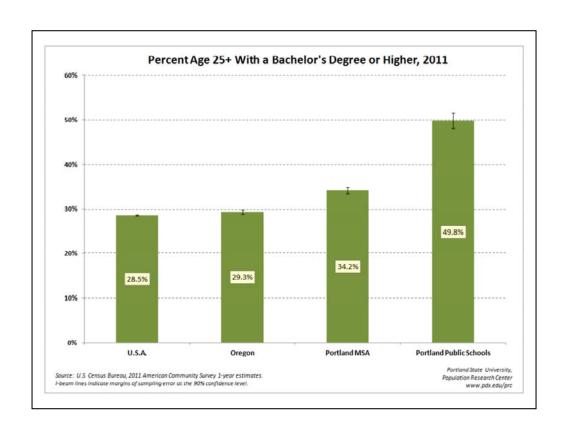


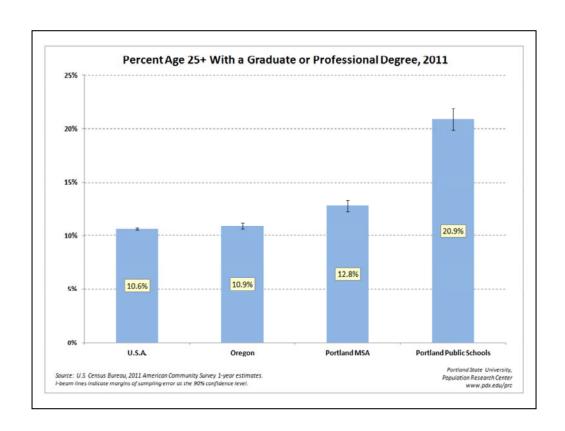














An example of a child-friendly apartment building.



 $$1200\ \text{for }675\ \text{sf.}$  An example of a building less likely to be home to families with children.

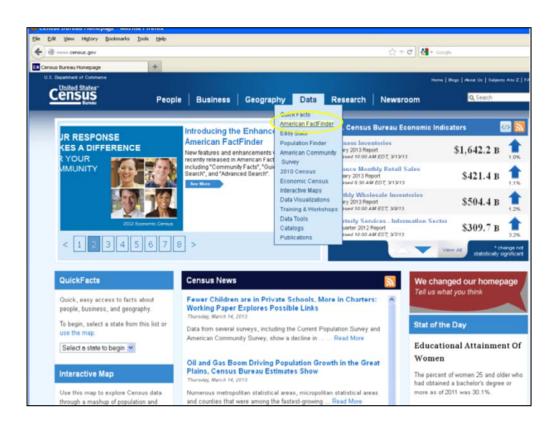


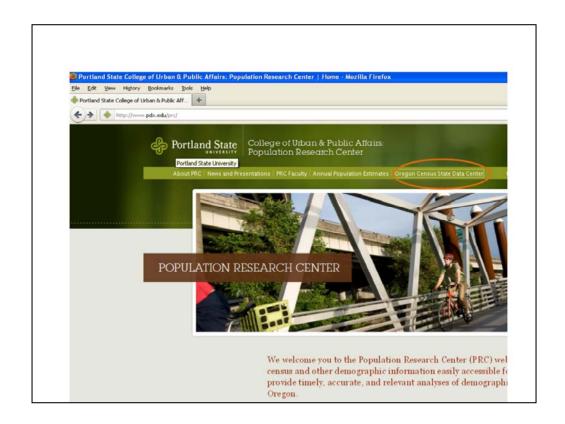
The 31,000-square-foot building will feature 31 studio or one-bedroom apartments. Though those units will be market rate, they will range in size from 420 to 570 square feet. In addition, the building will have four small office spaces and ground-floor retail space.

3339 SE Division St, slated for completion this fall. (Salt and Straw and St. Honoré have already signed up for ground-floor retail spaces).

#### Resources for Data Users

- census.gov American FactFinder
- pdx.edu/prc Oregon Census State Data
   Center
- $\bullet \ portland pulse.org$





Choose "Oregon Census State Data Center" and "Census 2010 Data for Oregon"

