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#### Evaluating Driver and Pedestrian Behaviors at Enhanced Multilane Midblock Pedestrian Crossings

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#### Evaluating Driver and Pedestrian Behaviors at Enhanced Multi-lane Midblock Pedestrian Crossings

#### A Case Study in Portland, OR



#### Nick Foster, AICP



#### Introduction

#### Problem

- Over 4,000 pedestrian deaths in 2010

Potential solution

Enhanced crossings

Effectiveness?

• Use?



#### **Project Overview**

- Two marked midblock crossings

   Rectangular rapid flash beacons (RRFB)
   Raised median refuge islands
   Z-crossing (Danish offset)
  - One site only





#### Background

- RRFB research focused on drivers
  - Driver yielding rates: 54%-88%
- Crossing decisions based on distance to crosswalk
  - Limited research on attraction
- No literature on Z crossing use





#### Site 1 – Barbur Boulevard



#### • 30,700 ADT • 35 MPH



### Site 2 – B-H Highway



#### • 26,400 ADT • 40 MPH

Evaluating Driver and Pedestrian Behavior at Enhanced Multi-lane Midblock Pedestrian Crossings



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### Methodology

62 hours of video – Weekdays in February 2013 Driver and pedestrian behavior MOEs

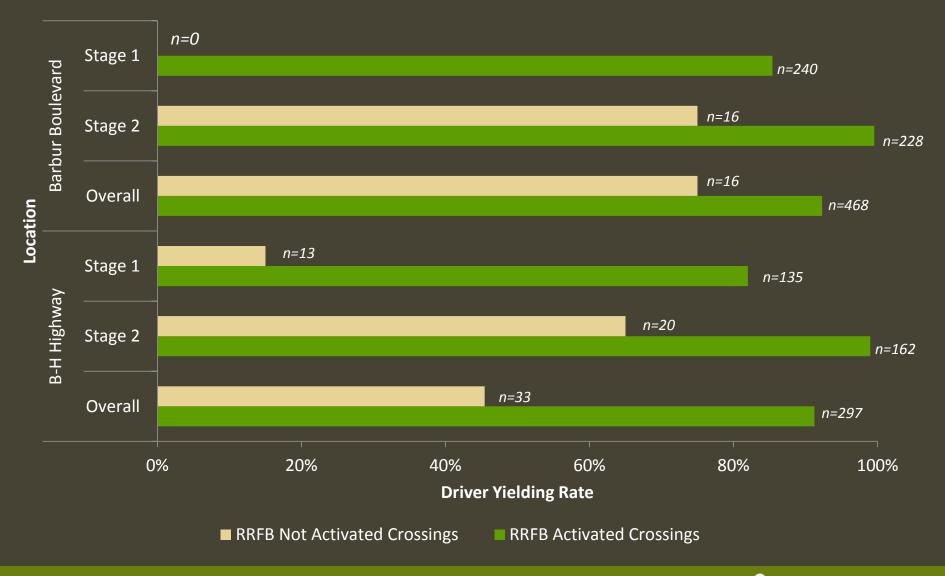


## RESULTS

Portland State

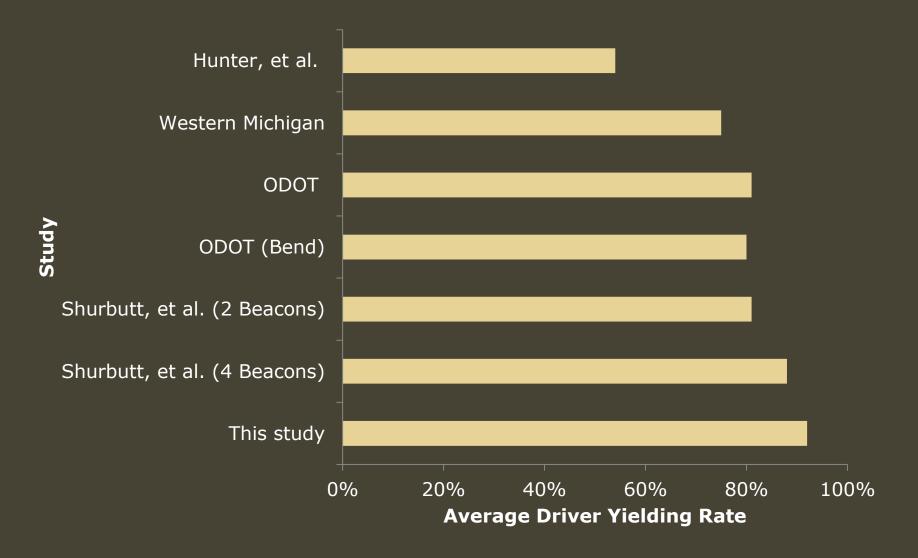
**Presentation Title** 

#### **Driver Yielding Rates**



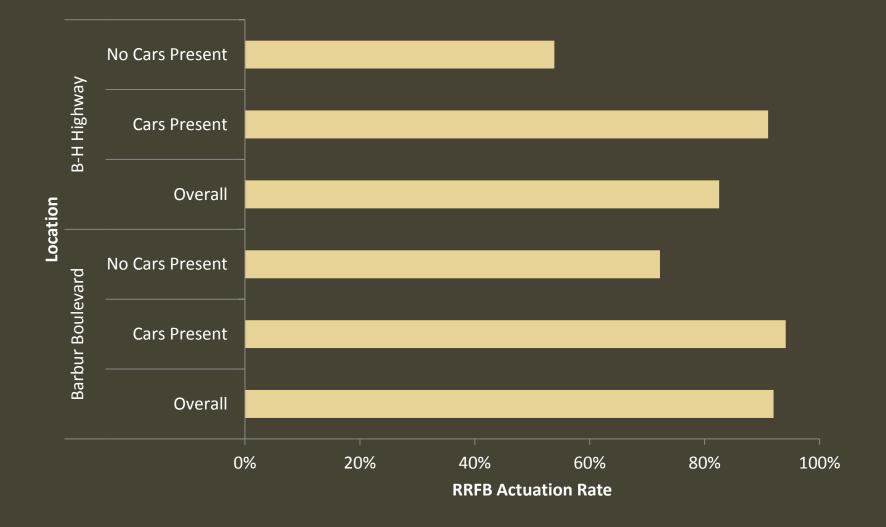


#### **Comparison to Other Studies**



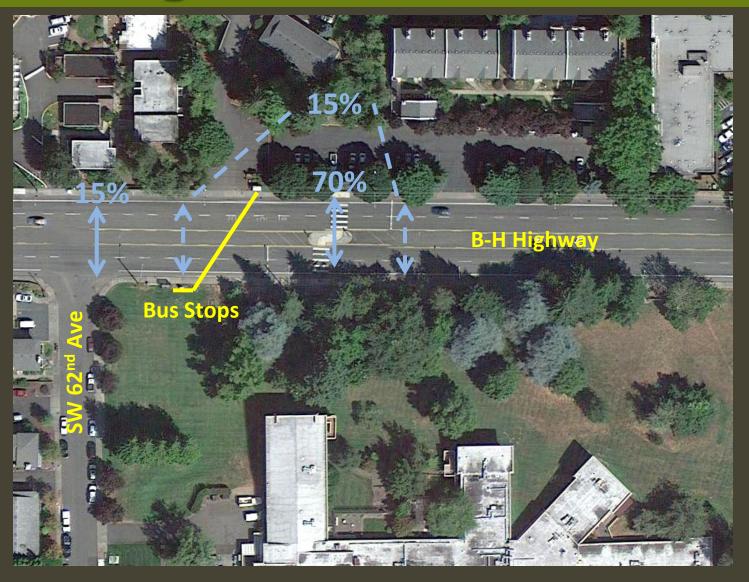


#### **Pedestrian Actuation Rates**





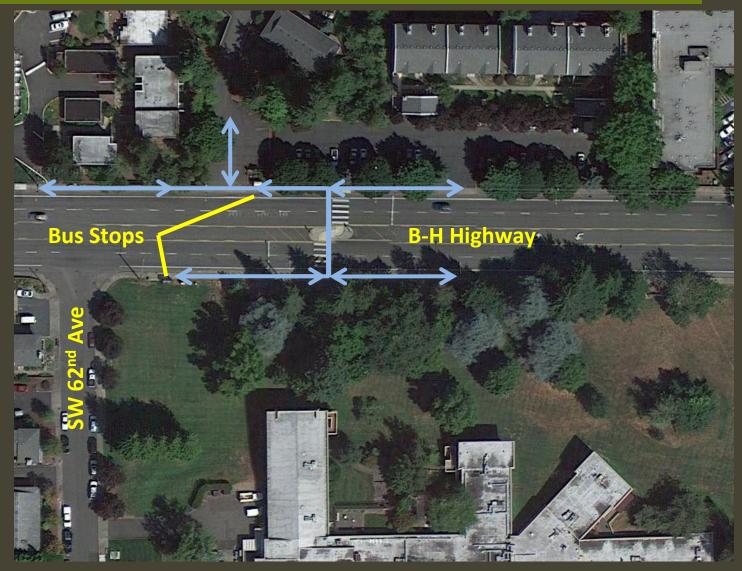
#### **Crossing Locations**





#### **Diverted Crossings**

52% of crossings at crosswalk are out-ofdirection





#### **Diverted Crossings – SB Only**





#### **Z-Crossing Use**

# Path use = 52% High yielding rates





### **Other Findings**

 Avoidance maneuvers – Hard braking (2) Stranded pedestrians - RRFB activated (1 - 0.3%) - RRFB not-activated (6 - 15%) Minimal pedestrian delay - 20 sec max (RRFB not activated) - All but one <15 sec (RRFB activated)



#### Conclusions

- 91-92% overall driver yielding rate
- Marked midblock crossing with RRFB may encourage diversion
- Z-crossing effectiveness limited
   Adequate sight distance
   No physical barrier



#### **Future Research**

#### Pedestrian diversion

- More sites
- Before/after
- Wider field of view
- Automated analysis
- Survey
- Z-crossing
  - More sites
- Driver understanding



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