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Meeting Notes 2004-02-02 [JPACT Retreat]

Joint Policy Advisory Committee on Transportation

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JPACT Retreat Agenda

Date: Monday, February 2, 2004
Time: 7:30 am to 4:00 pm
Place: Zoo Conference Center
Participants: JPACT members and alternates
   Metro Council President David Bragdon
   Commissioner John Russell, Oregon Transportation Commission
   Steve Clark, Transportation Investment Task Force, Portland Business
   Alliance, Westside Economic Alliance
Moderator: Michael Jordan, Chief Operating Officer, Metro

Purpose:

The region has spent considerable time identifying needed transportation projects, which are significant to the regional economy and well-being of our communities. Since our funding needs are significantly larger than the amount of funding we traditionally receive, we run the danger of 1) not meeting our goals and damaging economic health and community well-being, and 2) fighting among ourselves over limited resources and undermining regional consensus on policy direction. The purpose of the Retreat is to identify how we can collectively meet the need for transportation improvements and establish a priority for action by JPACT members.

Agenda:

7:15 am 1. Arrive

7:30 am 2. Introduction and Expectations – Rod Park, Chair, JPACT

7:45 am 3. Review and discuss our collective vision and priority for transportation improvements

The 2040 Growth Concept provides the overall framework for the Vision and the basis for defining needed transportation improvements. However, the needs are significantly greater than revenues and valid transportation projects that support different elements of the Growth Concept compete for priority funding. There is an inherent competition between funding for different modes, funding that supports new development areas vs. redevelopment, funding for trucks vs. personal mobility, funding for urban mobility vs. the larger surrounding area. The Retreat should start with a brief review of the vision and assess differing attitudes among the members of JPACT on which transportation elements are highest priority.
8:45 am  4. Recap existing and expected transportation funding sources

Staff will provide an analysis of needed transportation improvements and how that stacks up relative to known and possible funding sources. This is to help develop a strategy to define which funding source to pursue for which transportation needs. The federal landscape is changing rapidly and we need to influence its direction. The approach to a state package at the '05 Legislature is not yet formed. There is also a proposal from the Transportation Finance Task Force for a Metro Ballot Measure.

9:15 am  5. Break

9:30 am  6. Discussion of funding strategies at the federal, state, regional and local level

The goal of a discussion with the full group will be to develop a consensus on which parts of the transportation program will be pursued through which approach: federal, state, regional, or local. To the extent possible, there should be agreement on roles and responsibilities of different JPACT members and agencies and necessary follow-up steps for JPACT action.

10:00 am  A. Federal funding strategy
11:00 am  B. State funding strategy
   i. Legislative
   ii. STIP

12:00 pm  7. Lunch – Speaker: Adam Davis – Public Attitudes

1:15 pm  8. Discussion of funding strategies at the federal, state, regional, and local level (continued)
   C. Regional priorities
      i. Ballot measure
      ii. MTIP

2:15 pm  D. Local funding strategy

3:15 pm  8. Does formation of an ACT benefit the region’s goals? If so, how?

The OTC encouraged JPACT to revisit the issue of formation of an ACT in the Metro region to encompass a larger geographic area and add representation from interest groups. Should this be pursued and how can it be used to advance the region’s priority transportation funding agenda?

3:45 pm  9. Recap/Concluding remarks – Michael Jordan

4:00 pm  10. Adjourn
MEETING SUMMARY

Chair Rod Park began the retreat at 7:36 a.m. and welcomed all attendees. He provided a brief historical account of JPACT and indicated that he would like to see the JPACT Retreat end with agreement on priorities for future JPACT meetings. He closed by introducing Michael Jordan, Chief Operating Officer, with Metro and indicated that Michael would be the acting Facilitator.

Michael Jordan accorded thanks to all for attending and then presented the JPACT Retreat agenda (included as part of the meeting record). He also said that he would like the retreat discussion to determine some "Bedrock Principles" for JPACT.

Andy Cotugno presented the 2004 Report to JPACT PowerPoint presentation (included as part of this meeting record). His presentation described the funding challenges to addressing regional transportation needs including:

1) Impact of growth will lead to increased population, vehicle use and freight movement which will equal congestion;
2) System performance without modifications will lead to a reduction of 24% in the average vehicle speed, an increase of 27% in the average travel time, an increase of 146% in miles of congested freeway and an increase of 310% in miles of congested arterials;
3) Vehicle hours of delay would increase 734% by 2020;
4) Impact on business in 2020 without modifications would result in increased costs for employees and freight, typical truck trips would take 11 minutes longer in 2020 and would make 3 fewer deliveries per day and would result in a decrease in reliability of travel times;
5) A view to the future: protecting reliability for commercial traffic is possible by maintaining off-peak mobility, addressing key choke points, tolerating some congestion during peak hours and providing "real-time" traffic information;
6) Priority projects by cost and category include transit capital projects - $3.14 billion, bike and pedestrian - $237 million, boulevard - $166 million, highway/freight and road capacity - $3.93 billion and other projects - $111 million;
7) Funding challenges include increasing maintenance costs, facility expansion not keeping pace with growth, inflation decreases purchasing power and funding sources are static;
8) Effect of fuel efficiency and inflation on gas tax revenue shows a decrease of 1.3¢;
9) Oregon auto taxes are among lowest in nation;
10) 20-year funding need of $7.6 billion and shortfall of $4.40 billion; and
11) 2040 Growth Concept.

Michael Jordan asked for comments regarding the 2040 Growth Concept. Committee members noted the following planning issues:
• Define the fundamental principles that JPACT can agree upon to provide the basis for further work on the RTP, MTIP, lobbying priorities, etc.
• Provide analysis of Urban Growth Boundary decisions and processes.
• Determine what is working and not working with the Regional vision
• Determine the definition of "regional" projects and how best to address regional vs. local projects
• Address the lack of government structure to deal with multi-regional needs
• Link transportation and development strategies to unique partners, i.e. education community
• Determine effects of growth on other entities such as water districts, etc.
• Metro needs to be more responsible for UGB analysis resulting in expansions
• Importance of keeping air quality in attainment even as transportation and land use decisions grow
• 2040 plan relation to economy and freight and important to tie plans and priorities to the economy and jobs in order to address issue of increase freight movement
• Important to prioritize infrastructure and road maintenance
• Determine how to identify freight projects with the greatest economic significance to the region vs. those that are principally expanded capacity for auto travel that will simply lead to more auto congestion. Better understand freight generally
• Consider maximizing the use of Flex-funds on alternative modes; develop alternate highway funding sources to allow this commitment.

Tom Kloster presented a map detailing traffic counts around the Portland Metro region and further detailing Metro's sphere of influence.

The committee began to discuss the ACT question and listed items of importance to review including:

• Much about JPACT has worked well. Don’t make organizational changes that lose these assets.
• Continue to evaluate the relationship between the Metro region and surrounding communities in terms of travel and economic interrelationships
• Continue to evaluate the relationship to surrounding communities and the affect of land use and transportation policies including Metro's sphere of influence and its effects on jurisdictions located outside of the UGB including expansion to the north
• Determine how best to address issue of satellite cities
• Important to have better conversations with the state
• Under the lead of ODOT and the OTC, initiate a dialogue with surrounding communities to evaluate how to coordinate mutual issues of interest
• Continue to consider the merits of adding business and/or interest group representation on JPACT. Incorporate business and the environmental community in the dialogue. DEQ is willing to have their membership be ex-officio to allow adding a business representative
• Consider a model with parallel responsibilities - JPACT business to be voted on by JPACT members, ACT business to be voted on by ACT members.
• Don’t allow an organizational structure to develop that results in dueling priorities – one by the MPO and one by the ACT.
• Important to unify MPO and ACT priorities
• Bring specific proposals back to JPACT to vote up or down.
• ACTs are an effective communication tool between local community and legislature
• Form committee to study ACT option made up of JPACT, OTC, and Stakeholders remembering that diversity is important

Andy Cotugno presented Exhibits A and C of Resolution No. 04-3409 for federal reauthorization (included as part of the meeting record).

The committee reviewed and identified the following items:

• Determine role of elected officials, staff, business and citizens
• Determine priorities for infrastructure, whether located within the cities or in the outlying counties
• Discuss the JPACT and OTC disconnect
• Proceed with federal resolutions; add language indicating Mega-projects category is supported with the understanding there are increased revenues to accommodate the program without undue impact on formula programs; that the Mega-projects category is developed into a merit-based program with the same rigor as New Starts; that the Metropolitan Congestion Relief program is based upon increased revenue and not at the expense of formula programs.
• Develop a script for the federal visit prior to the dry-run JPACT meeting on February 23, listing speakers and topics. Limit the speakers to 3-5. Try to get appointments in a larger conference room.
• Schedule the requested meeting with Congressman Blumenauer.
• Important to have community backing for prioritized projects in addition to determining how to prioritize whether it is based upon the importance to the region or the likelihood of funding
• Important to include Clark County and Washington Delegates in the conversation
• Select examples of proposed projects that will resonate with the target audience

The committee paused for lunch and heard guest speaker Adam Davis summarize his findings regarding survey results and Focus Groups relating to the potential for a ballot measure.

Michael Jordan turned the agenda to the relationship between Metro, its regional partners and the State Legislature.

The committee members reviewed and identified the following items:

• Work with ODOT to determine how to fund the adopted regional highway priorities through a combination of federal earmarks, regular federal formula programs (through the STIP) and through the various OTIA categories.
• Work with ODOT to define how ODOT funds are suballocated throughout the state, the share that comes to Region 1 and whether the Region 1 share is fair.
• Open a dialogue with the OTC about funding suballocations.
• Plan a JPACT trip to Salem similar to the annual Washington D.C. trip
• Get clear support of all regional Representatives and Senators
• Important to coordinate with other groups (AOC, LOC, OTA, AAA, etc.)
• Give a clear message to the Governor and state legislature
• Determine a multi-session strategy
• Perhaps create a small task force to create an agenda; Metro to coordinate meetings to discuss strategy
• Important to provide outreach/education to legislative candidates and newly-electeds

Andy Cotugno presented the Transportation Investment Task Force information (included as part of the meeting record).

The committee reviewed and discussed a regional ballot measure and identified the following items:

• Return to JPACT with a work program that identifies time and resources required to develop a ballot measure in '06 or '08, which would include necessary outreach to select a program of projects (important to mobilize 18-34 year-old voters; it should include accountability, oversight and provide a stair-step approach as well as clearly specifying benefits
• Continue to work in partnership with the private-sector members of the Transportation Investment Task Force.

Michael Jordan stated that the issues discussed and brought forward would need to continue to be aired. He suggested that additional retreats be planned.

Chair Rod Park accorded thanks to Metro staff and all JPACT members and guests present for their contributions. He further indicated that additional discussion would need to occur at each subsequent JPACT meeting in order to continue analyzing issues raised. He suggested the possibility of subcommittees in order to alleviate the number of issues left for the majority of the committee. He concluded that JPACT would continue to circle back on the issues until they were all adequately addressed.

CONCLUSIONS AND FOLLOW-UP ACTIONS

Federal

A. Proceed with federal resolutions; add language indicating Mega-projects category is supported with the understanding there is increased revenues to accommodate the program without undue impact on formula programs; that the mega-projects category is developed into a merit-based program with the same rigor as New Starts; that the Metropolitan Congestion Relief program is based upon increased revenue and not at the expense of formula programs.
B. Develop a script for the federal visit prior to the dry-run JPACT meeting on February 23, listing speakers and topics. Limit the speakers to 3-5. Try to get appointments in a larger conference room.
C. Schedule the requested meeting with Congressman Blumenauer.

State Legislature

A. Seek the assistance of the various government lobbyists to develop an approach to pursuing a state legislative program.

B. Join in on-going efforts to put together a gas-tax package in support of operations & maintenance needs. Determine how to help advance the agenda. Work with ODOT, the Governor’s office, Legislative leadership, AOC and LOC.

C. Consider participating with an updated statewide Roads Finance Study.

D. Determine the key JPACT priority to include in a state-funding package.

E. Include in the strategy appropriate interface with Portland area legislative candidates before and after elections.

F. Don’t pursue changes to the formula that suballocates state funds to regions through the Legislature.

ODOT

A. Work with ODOT to determine how to fund the adopted regional highway priorities through a combination of federal earmarks, regular federal formula programs (through the STIP) and through the various OTIA categories.

B. Work with ODOT to define how ODOT funds are suballocated throughout the state, the share that comes to Region 1 and whether the Region 1 share is fair.

C. Open a dialogue with the OTC about funding suballocations.

Transportation Ballot Measure

A. Return to JPACT with a work program to develop a ballot measure in ’06 or ’08 that includes necessary outreach to select a program of projects.

B. Continue to work in partnership with the private-sector members of the Transportation Investment Task Force.
JPACT organization and membership

A. Much about JPACT has worked well. Don’t make organizational changes that lose these assets.

B. Continue to evaluate the relationship between the Metro region and surrounding communities in terms of travel and economic interrelationships.

C. Under the lead of ODOT and the OTC, initiate a dialogue with surrounding communities to evaluate how to coordinate mutual issues of interest.

D. Continue to consider the merits of adding business and/or interest group representation on JPACT. Incorporate business and the environmental community in the dialogue. DEQ is willing to have their membership be ex-officio to allow adding a business representative.

E. Consider a model with parallel responsibilities – JPACT business to be voted on by JPACT members, ACT business to be voted on by ACT members.

F. Don’t allow an organizational structure to develop that results in dueling priorities – one by the MPO and one by the ACT.

G. Bring specific proposals back to JPACT to vote up or down.

Planning Issues

A. Define the fundamental principles that JPACT can agree upon to provide the basis for further work on the RTP, MTIP, lobbying priorities, etc.

B. Tie our plans and priorities to the economy and jobs.

C. Continue to evaluate the relationship to surrounding communities and the affect of land use and transportation policies.

C. Determine how to identify freight projects with the greatest economic significance to the region vs. those that are principally expanded capacity for auto travel that will simply lead to more auto congestion. Better understand freight generally.

D. Consider setting a higher standard for air quality than the minimum federal standard.

E. Consider maximizing the use of Flex-funds on alternative modes; develop alternate highway funding sources to allow this commitment.
January 29, 2004

Honorable Rod Park, Chair and Members
Joint Policy Advisory Committee on Transportation
600 NE Grand Avenue
Portland, Oregon 97232

Dear Rod:

Unfortunately I will be unable to attend the JPACT Retreat on February 2, 2004. I will be in Washington D.C.; please accept my apologies for being absent. I completely agree with the importance of the retreat and for the need for our Bi-State region to collectively establish an action plan. My JPACT alternate Dean Lookingbill, RTC’s Director, will attend in my place. Because of my absence I would like to take this opportunity to outline several key issues from my perspective regarding the discussion around federal, state and regional funding strategies.

I believe without question that the most important element of the transportation reauthorization bills that have been introduced in Congress is the level of funding. As you know both the Senate and House bills would substantially increase the level of federal transportation funding. That is the good news; the bad news is that apparently both would require an increase in revenues. My suggestion would be that JPACT spend a portion of their retreat time not only talking about the program elements contained in each bill, but also how we as a region would support our congressional delegation if they were to consider an increase in federal transportation revenues.

In general, I can speak for the Washington side of the region to say we support the program structure of the reauthorization bills largely because they continue the basic structure of TEA-21. We share the concern about the possible loss of CMAQ funds and need to work together to maintain our region’s apportionment. Among the many program elements contained in the bills, we are specifically in support of the “Mega Project” category. The replacement of the I-5 Columbia River Bridge and it’s related improvements is a prime candidate for this category of funding. The importance of this project to our region and to freight movement up and down the entire West Coast makes this a very competitive project on a national scale.

The Vancouver region through the RTC Board of Directors, is still working through the development of a regional consensus for our top federal priorities, however I would like to offer several that are sure to be on our final list. First let me say that we will work with our congressional delegation to the fullest extent possible to ask for their support for the Portland region’s ’05 appropriation request for $40.85...
million in Interstate MAX funding, $9.2 million for final design of the I-205 and Portland Mall portion of the South/North LRT Project, and a request for $4 million for the I-5 Trade Corridor EIS. In addition to the ’05 appropriation request, we strongly support an ’05 authorization request for $32.8 million for the Delta Park Project.

While the RTC Board has not yet fully endorsed their set of federal priorities, several projects have for the last couple of years and continue to be at top the of the list. These include $2 million to initiate the I-5/I-205 High Capacity Transit Loop Alternatives analysis, $3 million for Vancouver Area Smart Trek (VAST) ITS program of projects, $3.5 million for C-TRAN ITS fleet maintenance management project, and $8 million for the I-5 Trade Corridor EIS.

In closing, I again apologize for my absence and would hope that you find these comments useful. I will look forward to hearing about the outcomes of the retreat and to working together to achieve our goals.

Sincerely,

Mayor Royce E. Pollard, City of Vancouver
Chair RTC

cc: RTC Board of Directors
The impact of growth

Increased:
- Population
- Vehicle use
- Freight movement

= Congestion
2004 Report to JPACT

System performance without modifications

- Average vehicle speed: -24%
- Average travel time: +27%
- Miles of congested freeway: +146%
- Miles of congested arterials: +310%

2004 Report to JPACT

Vehicle Hours of Delay
2004 Report to JPACT

Impact on Business in 2020 without modifications

- Increased costs for employees and freight
- Typical truck trips take 11 minutes longer in 2020
- The average truck will make 3 fewer deliveries per day
- Decrease in reliability of travel times

2004 Report to JPACT

A View to the Future: Protecting reliability for commercial traffic is possible by...

- Maintaining off-peak mobility
- Addressing key choke points
- Tolerating some congestion during peak hours
- Providing ‘real-time’ traffic information
2004 Report to JPACT

Priority Projects
by Cost and Category

Transit Capital Projects
$3.14 billion (41%)

Bike & Pedestrian
$237 million (3%)

Boulevard
$166 million (2%)

Other Projects
$111 million (1%)

Highway/Freight And Road Capacity
$3.93 billion (52%)

Funding Challenge

- Maintenance costs increasing
- Facility expansion not keeping pace with growth
- Inflation decreases purchasing power
- Funding sources static
2004 Report to JPACT

Effect of Fuel Efficiency and Inflation on Gas Tax Revenue

Using 1998 Constant Dollars

Tax Revenue Per Vehicle Per Mile

2004 Report to JPACT

Oregon Auto Taxes
Among Lowest in Nation

Other vehicle taxes and fees
Vehicle Sales Tax
Gas Tax

Equivalent Cents Per Gallon

$1.00
$0.90
$0.80
$0.70
$0.60
$0.50
$0.40
$0.30
$0.20
$0.10
$0.00

Oregon Washington California Idaho Nevada Arizona Montana
2004 Report to JPACT

20-year Funding Need and Revenue Shortfall

2004 Report to JPACT

2040 Growth Concept
Portland Regional Position
On the Reauthorization of the
Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century
(TEA-21)

Priority Policy Issues

In January 2003, the Metro region, through JPACT and the Metro Council adopted Resolution No. 03-3271 establishing priorities for the upcoming reauthorization of TEA-21. At that time, the reauthorization bill was still in development and specific proposals were not available. As such, Resolution No. 03-3271 provided a detailed analysis of issues that the region determined would be beneficial to address, identified the highest priorities of these issues and established priorities for project funding.

At this time, there are three bills introduced in the Congress, framing a much more specific basis for establishing the region’s priority interests:

- Senate Bill 1072 – the “Safe, Accountable, Flexible and Efficient Transportation Equity Act of 2003” (SAFETEA) has been passed by the Senate Environment and Public Works Committee and recommended to the full Senate for consideration. This bill provides the Highway Title only and will be accompanied by the Transit Title which remains to be produced by the Senate Banking Committee. When the Transit Title is included, it is estimated SAFETEA will provide $311 Billion over the 6-year period.

- House Bill 3550 – The “Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users” (TEA-LU) has been introduced to the House Transportation Committee. It includes both the Highway Title and the Transit Title. TEA-LU provides $375 Billion over the 6-year period.

- House Bill 3611 – The “Metropolitan Congestion Relief Act” has been introduced to the House Transportation Committee. This Bill only addresses metropolitan funding programs and is intended as a vehicle to include portions as possible amendments into TEA-LU. It is not anticipated to be considered as a stand-alone bill.

Attached as Exhibit “B” to this Resolution is a detailed analysis of these bills with specific recommendations for support, opposition or amendment. However, the situation will continue to change, there will be a need to evaluate new proposals and there will be a need to react quickly. As such, this policy position is intended to establish the major concepts to support.

I. High Priority Issues

A. Funding Levels - Both the House and Senate Bills provide an important increase in transportation funding. It is essential that the reauthorization be finalized with these increases. If
this is not possible, it would be better to defer adoption and adopt a short-term extension.

**B. Program Structure** – In general, the Portland region supports the Bills because the basic program structure of TEA-21 is retained. Also, in general, it is preferred by the Portland region that new discretionary programs not be created because historically the state has faired better through formula programs than through discretionary programs (there are several very important exceptions noted below). The principal program categories in the Highway Title of Interstate Maintenance (IM), National Highway System (NHS), Highway Bridge Program (HBR), Surface Transportation Program (STP) and Congestion Mitigation Air Quality (CMAQ) and in the Transit Title of Urban Formula Grants and New Starts are the most important to the region and the most critical to provide at an increased funding level.

**C. CMAQ apportionment** – Of critical importance to the Portland region is to maintain apportionment of CMAQ funds to the region with the change in the standard for ozone from a 1-hour standard to an 8-hour standard (a detailed amendment is included as Attachment 1 to Exhibit “B”).

**D. Multi-State Corridor Program** – Both the House Bill and the Senate Bill provide for an expanded Corridor Program, separated from the Border Program. However, the Portland region supports both the funding level in the House Bill (@ $5 Billion) and the 70/30 division between Corridors and Borders. This would make this a viable funding source to continue to pursue discretionary grants for the I-5 Trade and Transportation Improvement.

**E. New Starts/Small Starts** - This is a key discretionary program that continues to be important to implement the region’s transit system. Significant in the House Bill is the proposed creation of a Small Starts category intended to provide a streamlined program for projects under $75 million, such as Commuter Rail and Street Car. Overall, the program is very attractive but there are some refinements needed to ensure it is as streamlined as intended. In the “project” section of this paper, the region’s New Start/Small Start projects to be authorized are detailed.

**F. Freight Program** – It is vital to Oregon’s economic future to retain our strength as a distribution point within the global trade network. Both the House and Senate Bills recognize the importance of federal programs to enhance the nation’s infrastructure for freight movement. The Portland region supports the funding that is provided in both bills for intermodal connectors and multi-state corridors. In addition, the region urges approval of the Senate provisions that would make publicly-owned intermodal freight transportation projects eligible for Surface Transportation Program (STP) funds and and TIFIA assistance.

**G. Metropolitan Congestion Relief Act** – House Bill 3611 – the Metropolitan Congestion Relief Act provides for the suballocation of STP, NHS, Interstate Maintenance and CMAQ funds to metropolitan regions. As shown in the detailed analysis, these amendments are not recommended by the Portland region. However, the creation of a new Metropolitan Congestion Relief funding category is recommended. As proposed, this category would result in a significant funding program for the Portland region and result in a level of funding to the state that is proportionately higher than the other categories.
H. General Funds in the Transit Program — Historically, the Transit program has been funded through both Trust Funds dollars and General Fund dollars, spread across the entire program. TEA-LU proposes to shift the General Fund dollars to the New Starts category and the Trust Fund dollars to the balance of the transit program. This would place New Start dollars at considerable risk and the region supports use of Trust Fund dollars.

I. Projects of National and Regional Significance — The Portland region is in support of the discretionary funding category for Projects of National and Regional Significance proposed in Section 1304 of TEA-LU. It is a significant proposed program (@ $17.6 Billion for the 6-years), intended for projects larger than $500 million (or 75% of a state’s federal aid highway program or about $300 million in Oregon) that meet key criteria relating to national economic benefit, congestion reduction, safety improvement, support from non-federal funding including public-private partnerships and new technologies to enhance efficiency.

The region supports the efforts of ODOT and the leadership of Congressman DeFazio to seek an earmark for the state’s cracked bridge program under this new category. If the program is created, there are two prospects for this program as part of the next authorization: the I-5 Trade Corridor and the Sunrise Corridor. During the intervening years, these projects will need to be better defined, advanced into preliminary engineering and a case made for their national significance.
II. Other Priority Issues to Support

A. The change in the CMAQ apportionment formula in Section 1611 of SAFETEA is a good thing since it removes the 20% funding penalty for areas that meet ozone standards.

B. The addition of the Safe Routes to Schools in both SAFETEA and TEA-LU is good.

C. The funding programs in TEA-LU for Elderly and Disabled and the New Freedom Program are good.

D. The provision in both SAFETEA and TEA-LU making the availability of TIFIA for $50 million rather than $100 million projects is good.

E. Section 1604 of SAFETEA providing for the designation of elements of the Interstate System on the National Register of Historic Places would be detrimental to implementing the I-5 Trade Corridor project.

F. The change in Section 1615 of SAFETEA to update the long-range transportation plan every 5-years rather than every 3-years is good.

G. While there is a need to simplify the air quality conformity requirements, they should continue to be required for the full 20-year time period of the long-range transportation plan.

H. The SAFETEA provision in Section 1102(b) increasing metropolitan planning to 1.5% of the highway program is important to meet the need of added metropolitan planning organizations and added federal mandates.

I. Section 1522 of SAFETEA –the Planning Capacity Building Initiative - provides funds for FHWA to improve and develop MPO transportation planning practices and should have an increased funding level.

J. Section 5207 – the Advanced Travel Forecasting Procedures Program – which provides funding to FHWA for Research & Development of the TRANSIMS advanced modeling system was cut from SAFETEA and should be restored.

K. Tolling provisions of both bills are good additions. The region supports the Congestion Pricing/Value Pricing language in SAFETEA and the funding authorization provided in TEA-LU.

III. Other Priority Issues to Oppose

A. The Infrastructure Performance and Maintenance Program proposed in Section 1101(13) of SAFETEA should not be adopted since it duplicates other program categories, creates new unnecessary requirements and should be simply integrated with those categories.

B. Section 1101(a)(22) of TEA-LU creating a program for dedicated truck lanes should not be adopted since these are eligible under several of the other funding categories.
C. Section 1202 of TEA-LU requiring a set-aside of a portion of STP, NHS, CMAQ and Interstate Maintenance categories for congestion relief activities is an unnecessary limit on state and local decision-making.

D. Section 1205 of TEA-LU requiring a set-aside of a portion of STP, NHS, CMAQ and Interstate Maintenance categories ITS projects is an unnecessary limit on state and local decision-making.

IV. High Priority Projects

Reauthorization of TEA-21 will include earmarking of funds for specific transportation projects. In particular, specific projects and funding amounts will be included in Section 1101(a)(17) for High Priority Projects. In TEA-21, the Portland region received $80??million in High Priority Projects and statewide, there were $120 million?? in projects. TEA-LU provides for an increase in funding for High Priority Projects by 60% from $9.316 Billion to $15 Billion. As such, the Portland region should provide the delegation with candidate projects to select from in anticipation of earmarking about $130 million of High Priority projects.

In addition to High Priority Projects, there may be an opportunity to earmark certain discretionary funding categories. Certainly, a very high priority for the Portland region is to authorize projects for funding through the New Starts and Small Starts Program. Whether other discretionary categories are created that could be earmarked remains to be seen, but some of these categories could be used for earmarking some of the Portland area projects. The project list reflects possible categories to be considered for earmarking, depending on the outcome of their status in the Bill.
EXHIBIT C
Portland Region
Priority Projects for
TEA-21 Reauthorization Earmarking

The projects identified below are consistent with the following principles:

1. The priority list should be short.
2. The region should seek New Start authorization for projects that can reach the funding stage during the 6-year authorization period (2004-2009).
3. As a target, the region should seek $200 million in various highway earmark categories.
4. All projects must be consistent with the RTP Priority System.
5. Project requests should support and reinforce the land use plans of the region.
6. All project requests must be able to obligate/spend earmarked funds during the 6-year authorization period (2004-2009).
7. The jurisdiction requesting a project earmark must demonstrate the financial sources necessary to complete an appropriate project.
8. There must be support for the projects from governments, community and business organizations.
9. Members of the delegation must be willing to pursue the project earmark.
10. The regional list must be regionally balanced.
11. The adopted regional list will be described as the priorities of the region. Local requests outside of the adopted regional list will be strictly the priority of that jurisdiction.

A. Regional Highway Priorities - the following have been identified as regional highway priorities:

- I-5/Delta Park to Lombard (CON) ........................................... $32.8 million - Hwy Demo
- I-5/Columbia River Bridge (EIS) ........................................... $15.0 million - Borders & Corridors
- Highway 217-TV Hwy-U.S. 26 (Westside Corridor Final Phase) ........................................... $26.9 million – Hwy Demo
- Sunrise Corridor - Phase I of Unit i
  Preliminary Engineering & Right-of-Way acquisition .......... $32.0 million – Hwy Demo
  (Interstate 4R Discretionary can also be considered for funding earmarked)
- Columbia Blvd. Intermodal Corridor
  Ramsey Railroad Yard ............................................................ $11.0 million – Hwy Demo

V. Air Cargo access ................................................................. $ 9.0 million – Hwy Demo

B. Regional Transit Priorities – The following have been identified as regional transit priorities:

1. Projects to be reauthorized – Section 5309 – New Starts:

- Continue authorization for preliminary engineering and construction for the entire South/North project from Clackamas County to Clark County: 1. To complete Interstate MAX; 2. The Region’s #1 priority for “New Start’s authorization and funding is the South Corridor Project including phase 1: I-205 and the Portland Mall; and phase 2: Milwaukie extension; 3. To continue authorization and funding for Wilsonville to Beaverton Commuter Rail; 4. To allow for future extension of Interstate MAX to Clark County.
2. Projects requiring new authorization – Section 5309– Small Starts:

- Provide new authority for Alternatives Analysis, Preliminary Engineering and Construction of Central City Streetcar Extension: to Lake Oswego and East Portland

3. New transit project funding earmarks – Section 5309 – Bus:

- Earmark funds for TriMet bus expansion and replacement at $41.0 million for the 6-year period.
- Earmark funds for the City of Wilsonville SMART Bus program at $3.2 million for the 6-year period.

C. Research

- The region also supports Portland State University’s request for designation as a Federal University Transportation Research Center and an initial $2.5 million research appropriation.

D. Local Project Priorities: The following have been identified as community livability projects:

1. Boeckman Road (Wilsonville) ......................................................... $8.00 Million – Highway Demo
2. Lake Road (Milwaukie) ................................................................. $6.00 Million – TCSP/ Safe Routes
3. Wilsonville: Barber Road – Urban Village Connection ............$3.7 Million – Hwy Demo
4. Gresham Civic Neighborhood LRT Station ................................ $2.70 Million – Hwy Demo
5. Rockwood Town Center ............................................................... $2.00 Million – Hwy Demo
6. North Macadam Access ............................................................... $8.00 Million – Hwy Demo
7. Sauvie Island Bridge ................................................................. $25.0 Million – Bridge/Highway Demo
8. Regional Culvert Retrofit – Phase 1 ............................................. $5.00 Million – Highway Demo
9. Regional Trail Program – Next Phase ........................................ $5.00 Million – Highway Demo
10. Beaverton Hillsdale/Schoolls Ferry/Oleson Rd .......................$27.0 Million - Highway Demo
11. Sellwood Bridge ................................................................. $16.0 Million – Bridge/Highway Demo
12. Gateway 102nd Construction ................................................... $3.00 Million – Hwy Demo
13. Burnside – West 23rd to East 14th PE ......................................... $3.75 Million – Hwy Demo

E. State of Washington – Section 5309 – New Starts:

- Support RTC and C-TRAN request for new preliminary engineering authority for I-5 to I-205 Clark County High Capacity Transit Loop.
- Vancouver Area SMART TREK (VAST).

F. Columbia River Railroad Bridge Swing Span

- Replace the swing span with a lift span using Truman-Hobbs funding. Seek legislation to include consideration of railroad and highway safety and delay benefits.

---

Note: It is not clear at this time how project earmarking will be implemented. As such, the categories noted above are preliminary and other funding categories may be more appropriate.
Transportation Investment Task Force
Project and Funding Recommendations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Highway projects:</th>
<th>New Task Force Funding:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I-5 North</td>
<td>$41 million</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Highway 217</td>
<td>$30 million</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sunset Highway</td>
<td>$20 million</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sunrise Corridor</td>
<td>$40 million</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I-205</td>
<td>$29 million</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I-5/99W Connector</td>
<td>$30 million</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$190 million</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The new regional funding is expected to leverage $60 million in federal funding and more than $400 million in new state funding.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Community project categories:</th>
<th>New Task Force Funding:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Neighborhood congestion “hot spots”</td>
<td>$30 million</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Main Street” boulevard improvements</td>
<td>$35 million</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sidewalks where lacking</td>
<td>$15 million</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$80 million</strong></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

The Community Projects portion of the package is expected to leverage almost $40 million of federal funds and $40 million in other local contributions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Transit projects:</th>
<th>New Task Force Funding:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Downtown Portland/SE Portland/Milwaukie Light Rail</td>
<td>$185 million</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bus Rapid Transit on Baurbur/99W</td>
<td>$ 20 million</td>
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<tr>
<td>Washington County Commuter Rail – Washington Sq. Connector</td>
<td>$ 10 million</td>
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<tr>
<td>Assist in Funding I-205 Light Rail</td>
<td>$ 36 million</td>
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<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$251 million</strong></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

This commitment of new regional funding to transit projects is expected to leverage approximately $900 million in other federal and local funds.
## Transportation Investment Task Force Framework for Conversation

### Highway Project Funding Breakdown

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Highway Project</th>
<th>Potential Federal Earmark</th>
<th>New State Funding</th>
<th>Regional</th>
<th>Total</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I-5 North</td>
<td>$20</td>
<td>$50</td>
<td>$41</td>
<td>$111</td>
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<tr>
<td>Highway 217</td>
<td>$20</td>
<td>$59</td>
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<td>Sunrise Corridor</td>
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<td>Sunset (Hwy 26)</td>
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<td>I-205</td>
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<td>I-5/99W Connector</td>
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<td>$68</td>
<td>$30</td>
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<td><strong>Total</strong> (in millions of $)</td>
<td><strong>$60</strong></td>
<td><strong>$415</strong></td>
<td><strong>$190</strong></td>
<td><strong>$665</strong></td>
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### Community Project Funding Breakdown

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Community Project Type</th>
<th>New Task Force Funding</th>
<th>Future MTIP Funding</th>
<th>Local Contribution</th>
<th>Total</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Neighborhood congestion &quot;hot spots&quot;</td>
<td>$30</td>
<td>$17.5</td>
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<td>Boulevard</td>
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<td>$17.5</td>
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<td>Sidewalks</td>
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<td>$5.0</td>
<td>$5.0</td>
<td>$25</td>
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<td><strong>Total</strong> (in millions of $)</td>
<td><strong>$80</strong></td>
<td><strong>$40.0</strong></td>
<td><strong>$40.0</strong></td>
<td><strong>$160</strong></td>
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* Future MTIP Funding would be allocated during the years 2008-2012. Represents 30% of expected available MTIP revenues in that time period.
## Transportation Funding Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Federal</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Local</th>
<th>Urban Renewal &amp; Local Improvement Districts</th>
<th>Regional</th>
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<td><strong>LRT, Commuter Rail, Streetcar</strong></td>
<td>Transit - Discretionary</td>
<td>Transit - Discretionary</td>
<td>Highway - Discretionary</td>
<td>Highway - Formula</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Sec. 5307</td>
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<td><strong>Bus Capital &amp; Service</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Boulevards, Main Streets</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Bike, Pedestrian, Travel Options, TOD</strong></td>
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<tr>
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<td><strong>JPACT Retreat; January 2004</strong></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Legend:
- Federal: Federal Transit - Discretionary
- State: Sec. 5307
- Local: County Gas Tax
- Urban Renewal & Local Improvement Districts: Wash. Co. MISTP
- Regional: Payroll Tax, Tolls, Potential Ballot Measure

Potential Ballot Measure:
- X

Notes:
- Multi. Co. = 3 cents/gal
- Wash. Co. = 1 cent/gal
## Transportation Funding Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Federal</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Local</th>
<th>Regional</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>LRT, Commuter Rail, Streetcar</strong></td>
<td>New/Small Starts</td>
<td>Regional Flex Funds</td>
<td>Wash. Co. MSTIP</td>
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<td><strong>Bus Capital &amp; Service</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Major Freeways</strong></td>
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<td>STIP OTIA I-III</td>
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<td>Mega Projects</td>
<td>HBR OTIA III</td>
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<td><strong>Arterial Expansion</strong></td>
<td>Hwy Demo Projects</td>
<td>Regional Flex Funds</td>
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<td><strong>Bike, Pedestrian, Travel Options, TOD</strong></td>
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<td>Wash. Co. MSTIP</td>
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<td><strong>City/Count O&amp;M</strong></td>
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<td>Mult. Co. = 3 cents/gal Wash. Co. = 1 cent/gal</td>
<td>Tualatin Wilsonville Wash. Co.</td>
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